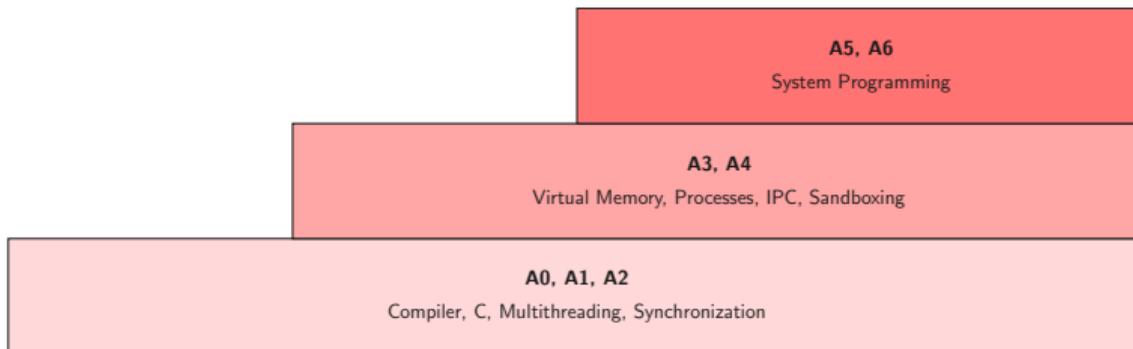


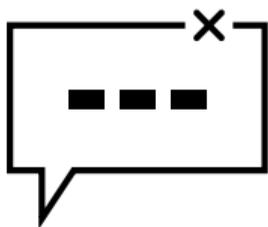
System Level Programming

Daniel Gruss

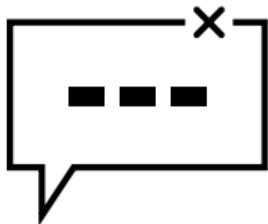
2021-03-15



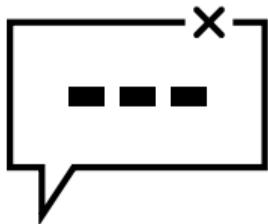
A3 - Virtual Memory



- We've all been there: access to "invalid" memory location



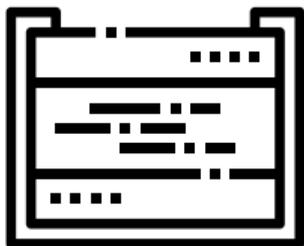
- We've all been there: access to “invalid” memory location
- But aren't pointers indices of this large array called RAM / physical memory?



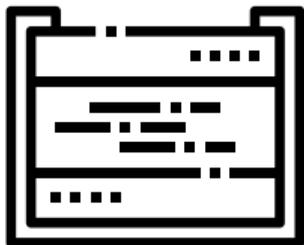
- We've all been there: access to “invalid” memory location
- But aren't pointers indices of this large array called RAM / physical memory?
- How can addresses in physical memory be “invalid”?

- Pointers are not addresses/indices in a large array called RAM / physical memory

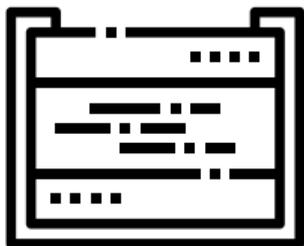




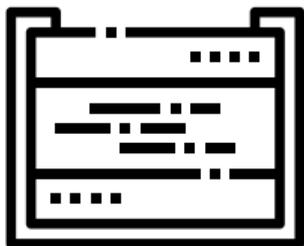
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- but in a large array called **virtual memory**



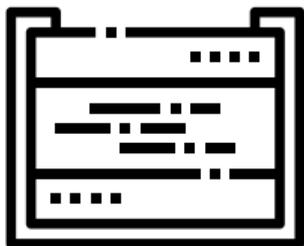
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 - In SLP / as a userspace programmer: we **never** see actual physical addresses - only pointers / virtual addresses!
 - mapping block-wise is easier: mapping a block aka **page**
- different processes can use the same pointer / virtual address, but “see” different things there







- Experiment with different kinds of variables, which addresses do they get?



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- Observe memory usage in practice, when does it really increase?



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- Experiment with different kinds of variables, which addresses do they get?
- Observe memory usage in practice, when does it really increase?
- **Answer questions from the test system questionnaire!**
- **Register + participate in one of the virtual memory discussions!**
- Change due to Virtual Semester: Less of a discussion, more like a “Kreuzerübung” → undo any answers





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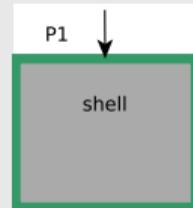
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- We want a full explanation for the answer and **what I have to do to observe the behavior you describe**
- Don't collaborate with others - we cross check who did what when, answered which question when, etc.

A4 - Interprocess Communication

Code

```
//shell stuff
```

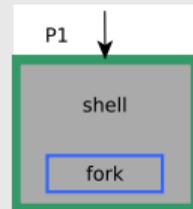
Image



Code

```
//shell stuff  
  
pid_t pid = fork();
```

Image

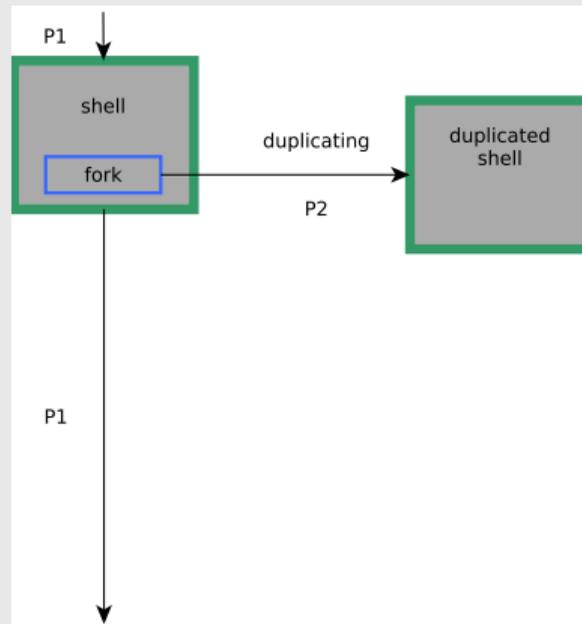


Code

```
//shell stuff
```

```
pid_t pid = fork();  
if(pid == 0)
```

Image

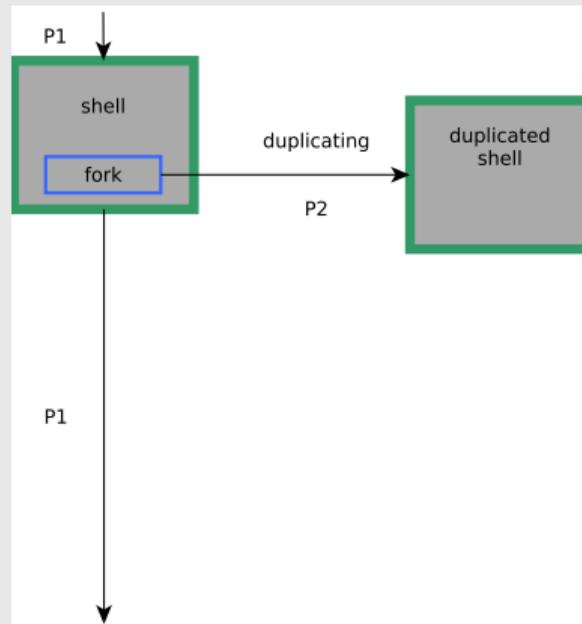


Code

```
//shell stuff

pid_t pid = fork();
if(pid == 0)
{
    const char* args[] = {"~/
    "};
}
else
{
    //do further shell stuff
}
```

Image

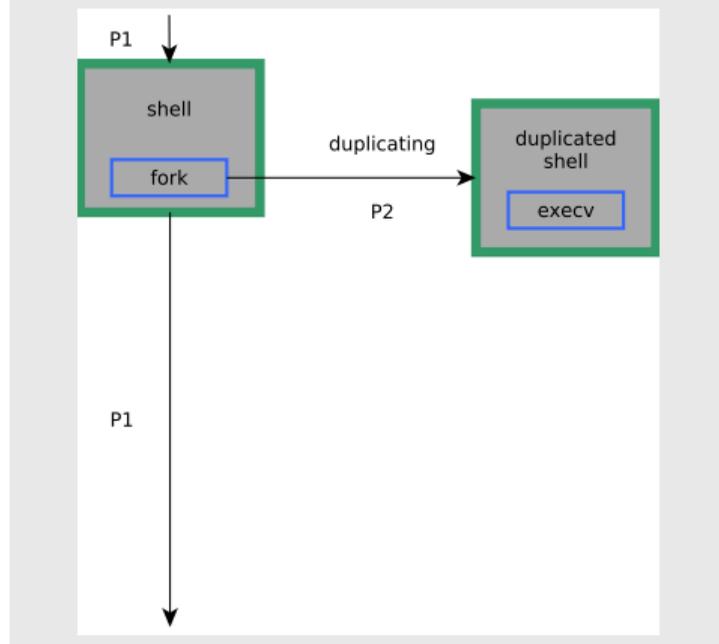


Code

```
//shell stuff

pid_t pid = fork();
if(pid == 0)
{
    const char* args[] = {"~/",};
    execv("/bin/ls", args);
}
else
{
    //do further shell stuff
}
```

Image

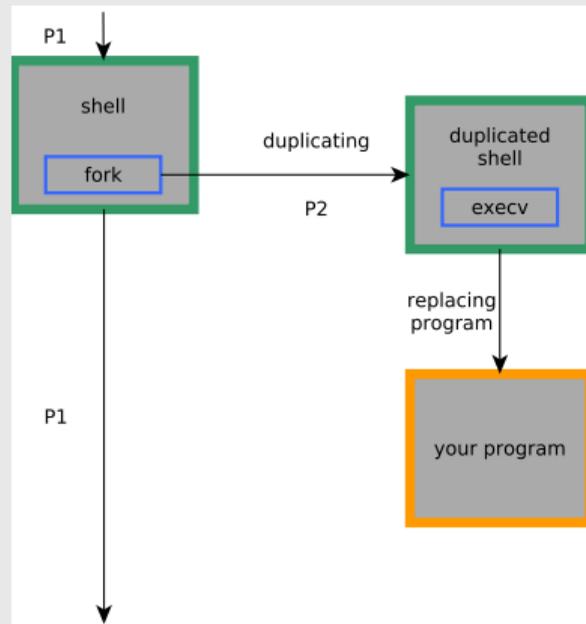


Code

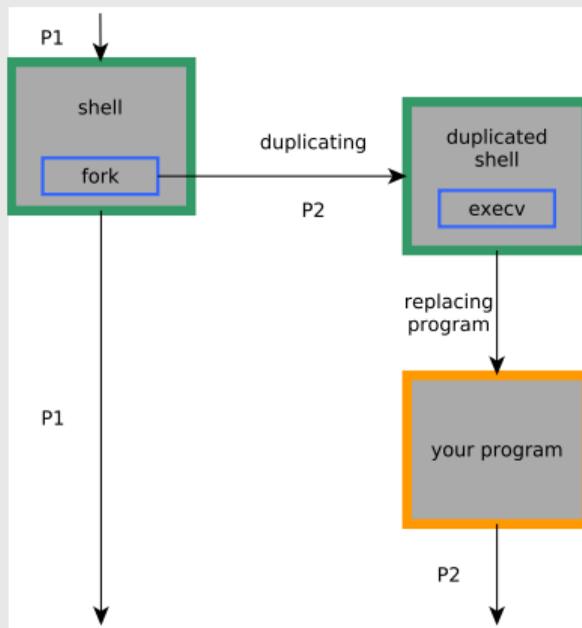
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//shell stuff

pid_t pid = fork();
if(pid == 0)
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    execv("/bin/ls", args);
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else
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Image



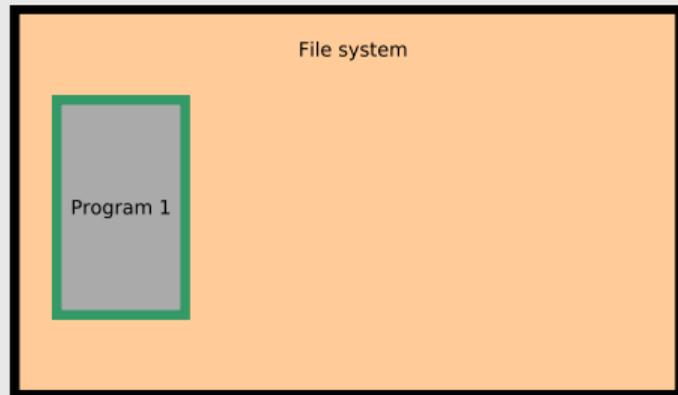
Image



Code

```
/* just the start of the main */
```

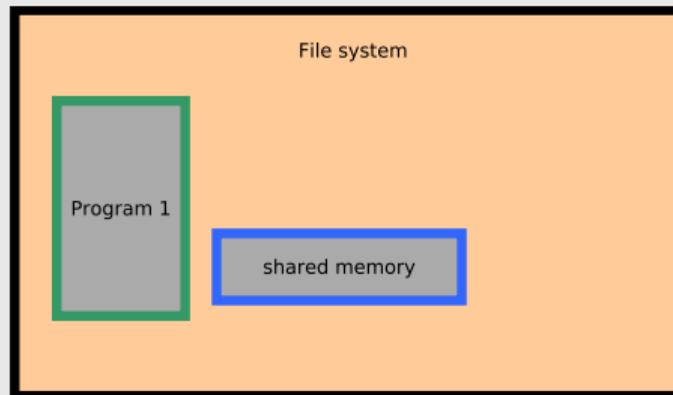
Image



Code

```
/* found in (/dev/shm/obj) */  
int fd = shm_open("obj", O_RDWR, 0644);
```

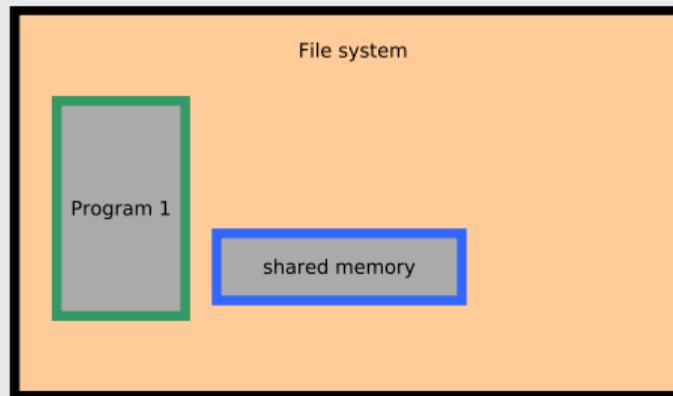
Image

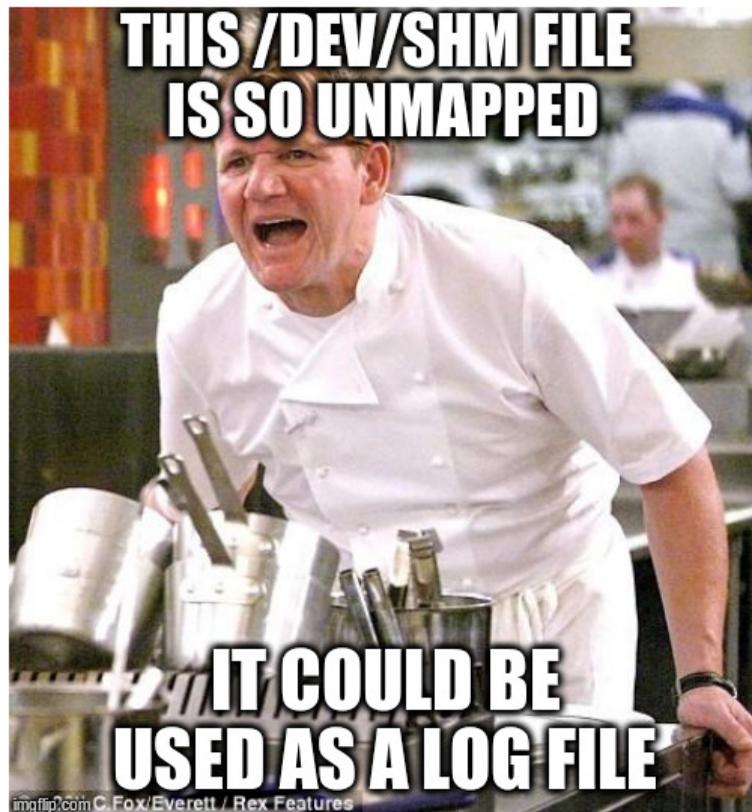


Code

```
/* found in (/dev/shm/obj) */  
int fd = shm_open("obj", O_RDWR, 0644);  
  
/* enlarge the shared memory object */  
ftruncate(fd, 1000);
```

Image



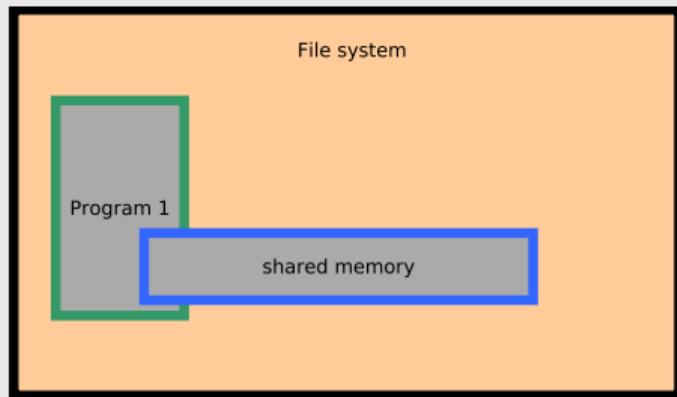




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int fd = shm_open("obj", O_RDWR, 0644);  
  
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ftruncate(fd, 1000);  
  
/* now map the shared object */  
char* ptr = (char*) mmap(NULL, 1000,  
    PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, fd,  
    0);
```

Image



Code

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```

Image

