

# Logic and Computability SS21, Assignment 4

Deadline: 2021-06-04 3:59am

For each of the following sequents, either provide a natural deduction proof, or a counter-example that proves the sequent invalid.

For proofs, clearly indicate which rule, and what assumptions/premises/intermediate results you are using in each step. Also clearly indicate the scope of any boxes you use.

For counterexamples, give a complete model. Show that the model satisfies the premise(s) of the sequent in question, but does not satisfy the respective conclusion.

20. [1 Point]  $\forall xP(x) \wedge \forall xQ(x) \vdash \forall y(P(y) \vee Q(y))$
21. [1 Point]  $\exists xP(x) \wedge \exists xQ(x) \vdash \exists y(P(y) \vee Q(y))$
22. [1 Point]  $\exists x(\neg P(x) \vee Q(x)) \vdash \forall x(P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$
23. [1 Point]  $\forall x(\neg P(x) \vee Q(x)) \vdash \exists x(P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$
24. [1 Point]  $\forall xP(x) \rightarrow Q(x, y), \exists x\exists y Q(x, y) \vdash \exists x \neg P(x)$
25. [1 Point]  $\forall x\exists y(f(x) = y) \vdash \forall y\exists x(f(x) = y)$
26. [1 Point]  $\exists x\forall y \neg P(x, y) \vdash \forall y\exists x \neg(P(x, y) \wedge Q(y, x))$
27. [1 Point]  $\exists x(P(x) \wedge \neg Q(y)) \vdash \neg\forall x(P(x) \rightarrow Q(y))$
28. [2 Points]  $\exists x(f(x) = z), \forall y(f(y) = z) \vdash \forall g\exists h(f(g) = f(h))$
29. [2 Points Bonus]  $\neg(y > (x + x) \vee x = 2) \rightarrow \neg(y = y)$   
 $\vdash z = z \wedge ((x + x) = z) \rightarrow ((2 + 2) = z \vee y > z)$